



ALEXANDRIA, VA.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 16.

PROF. BLOOMFIELD, of Johns Hopkins University, who is now publishing a series of articles on the negro, in the Baltimore Sun, evidently has not prepared himself for that purpose with the thoroughness which those who know him expected, or which is due the institution to which he belongs. To show that such is the case, it is only necessary to say that in his latest paper he states in effect, that mulattoes are capable of perpetual propagation; also, that in a hot climate the negro's power of endurance exceeds that of the white man. But physiology and experience both teach that the procreative faculty of the mixed breed ceases after the third or fourth generation; and experience in the cotton-fields of this country, since the war, and of modern exploring parties in equatorial Africa, has dissipated the old idea that a negro could withstand the debilitating influences of a hot climate better than a man with a white skin and straight hair. The white and black man belong to different species of animal organization, and the former is the superior physically, as well as morally and intellectually, and man cannot make similar what nature has made dissimilar, and stamped the difference with her indelible mark.

THE MARKET value of the farms in Montgomery county, in the manufacturing State of Pennsylvania, has decreased forty per cent. during the last ten years. And yet there are men, farmers at that, in the agricultural State of Virginia, who say that a high tariff, by protecting manufactures, creates a home market, and thereby increases the price of the farmer's products and enhances the value of his lands. A high tariff has prevailed for twenty-nine years, but the price of the farming lands of Virginia, and of the products of those lands, is not as high now as it was before that tariff was instituted. No, a protective tariff neither increases the value of farms nor of their products, but it impoverishes the farmers by taxing them on everything they have to buy.

MR. R. B. HAYES, like a bad egg, will not sink. He turned up yesterday at a meeting of the Loyal Legion in Philadelphia, and made a speech, in which he said "every soul in this country should have an equal chance in life." But, how could that be, when he and his party tax ninety out of every hundred people in the country for the benefit of the remaining ten? He also said: "Let those who like Lincoln stand on the perilous edge of battle in support of the rights of human nature, remain steadfast." Mr. Lincoln never did stand on the perilous edge of battle, nor did he conceive it possible that the rights of human nature could ever be construed to mean negro domination in those southern communities in which the negroes have mere numerical majorities.

JUDGING from the result of the recent elections in the North and West and from the commotions apparent in the republican party in the parts of these two sections in which no elections have been held this year, it would seem that Gen. Hancock's famous remark, that "the tariff is a local question," was not based upon the pillars of everlasting truth, but, on the contrary, was quite the reverse, and that the tariff, as from the necessity of the case it must be, is essentially a national question, and has become the chief question in every part of the country. The people of every State, North as well as South, are tired of being taxed to death for almost everything they have to buy, in order that a few rich mine and factory owners may have their profits increased.

AT THE State negro convention which met at Richmond yesterday, a resolution was adopted to commit all the negro voters in the Petersburg and Norfolk districts to the support of negro candidates for Congress in those districts at next fall's election. If the resolution of a negro convention could be relied upon, this would look better for Langston in the former than for Bowden in the latter of the two districts referred to. Langston will certainly be a candidate, and if he is elected by the elections committee of the present U. S. House of Representatives, it is just as certain that there will be a negro candidate for Congress in the Norfolk district also.

AS IT is impossible to conceive the idea that there could be a public celebration of the unveiling of a statue of General Lee without the exhibition of the flag under which he gained the victories that have made his name immortal, and as that flag is still looked upon in the North as the "emblem of treason," the invitation to the 7th regiment of New York volunteers to attend the celebration referred to had better be withdrawn, and the members of that regiment had better stay at home.

SOME PEOPLE are now doubting the loyalty of the late Mr. Randall to the candidate of his party at the last Presidential election. There is no ground for such doubt, Mr. Randall, like many other wise democrats, was opposed to the renomination of Mr. Cleveland, but after Mr. Cleveland had received the renomination, he was as true and loyal to him as any of those who, not so wise, had forced the renomination.

A split has occurred in the Norfolk county republican committee.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Special Correspondence of the Alex. Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16, 1890.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Daniel presented a petition of the White Cross University of Science for the erection of a national temple of science and statue of Columbus in this city; also that of Wm. Paxton of Newcastle, Craig county, Va., for the payment of a claim of \$675 for stores taken from him during the "war of the rebellion"; also that of the Farmers' Alliance of Frederick county, Va., for pure food; also that of Richard Russell of Mecklenburg county, Va., for pure land. Mr. Quay presented a petition of David L. Pool of Bridgewater, Va., for an increase of pension. Mr. Barbour introduced a bill to purchase certain lands, books, pictures and other relics of Gen. Washington from Laurence Washington of Waverly, Fauquier county, Va., who inherited them from his late father, John Augustine Washington, the last Washington owner of Mount Vernon. In the House yesterday General Lee introduced a bill to pay John W. Beckley, R. W. Beckley, Albert Hopkins, Paris Simms, and other colored laborers who were employed by the quartermaster's department in Alexandria during the war, the difference between the amount of money actually paid them and the sums named in the receipts they gave, upon proof that money due them was kept back by officers of the department. Also bills to pay Malvina Maxwell, administratrix of John Churchman, of Alexandria, \$600; Nathaniel G. Sanford, \$4327, and Charles H. Stuckie \$743, for supplies taken by or furnished to the federal soldiers during the war between the States. In the House to-day Mr. Buchanan, of Virginia, presented a petition from the photographers of Wytheville, Va., against an increase in the tariff on albumen paper.

All the negroes in this city and large numbers from the surrounding country were on Pennsylvania avenue to-day celebrating the anniversary of the emancipation proclamation. The grand feature of the day was the parade of the colored troops. The President declined to go to the park to review it, but did so at the White House. The attendance from Alexandria was not near as large as on previous similar occasions.

The funeral services of the late Mr. Randall will take place at half-past nine o'clock to-morrow in the Metropolitan Presbyterian Church at the corner of 4th and B streets, Capitol Hill. Senator Barbour, who is one of the honorary pall-bearers selected by Mrs. Randall, will accompany the remains to Philadelphia.

The republican members of the House ways and means committee frightened by the threats of the republican shoe manufacturers of Massachusetts to have legally agreed to purchase back on the free list. As they don't expect any Presidential electoral votes in the South, to add to the profits of the northern sugar refiners, they have also purchased a southern product, on the free list, coupled with an absurd provision to pay the sugar planters a bounty of two cents a pound on all the sugar they produce. To cheapen the price of those essential necessities of life, diamonds, they have reduced the tariff on those that are cut, and removed it entirely from those that are uncut. At one o'clock to-day, they said they would report their famous bill to the House at two.

The beautiful and accomplished young ladies of the Wesleyan Female Institute at Staunton, Virginia, of which Dr. Harris, a brother of Judge John T. Harris, is principal, are now the guests of the Metropolitan Hotel. They went to Mt. Vernon to-day on the steamer Corcoran. Their presence added greatly to the attractions of that place.

There is so much talk about pools and rings in connection with the proposed purchase of Rock Creek land for a zoological garden, that many people are in favor of taking the \$1,200,000, the estimated value of that land, and with it bridge the Potomac at Arlington, build Mt. Vernon Avenue, and establish the Zoo on that portion of the Arlington reservation outside of the national cemetery and the agricultural station.

Senator Daniel, of Virginia, spoke three hours in the Senate yesterday evening in opposition to the outrage of admitting the republican contestants for seats in that body from Montana. His speech is spoken of by all who heard it as a very able effort, and one that showed deep research and careful preparation.

To-day was the time appointed for the House committee on fisheries to decide upon the bill for prohibiting fishing in the waters of the District of Columbia, but as no quorum was present, no meeting was held, and nothing was done in the case.

The following changes in the class post-offices of Virginia were made to-day: Nanomine, Amelia county, J. A. Clarke appointed postmaster, vice O. Roberts resigned; Trenholm, Powhatan county, S. W. Palmer, vice J. H. Sheets resigned.

Colored Convention. A State convention of colored men met in Richmond yesterday. J. T. Wilson, of Richmond, was made chairman. The convention was composed of about 150 colored men from various parts of the State. Among the number were many old politicians who were identified at different times with the Mahone and anti-Mahone wings of the republican party in this State.

Chairman Wilson read a lengthy address. He gave a history of the trials and struggles of the colored folk, and said they had stood by the republican party because in their platforms they guaranteed civil and political equality to all men. He asserted that the republicans are now becoming tired of the negroes, and the democrats have no use for them, and they will now have to drift with the tide. He urged that not so much money be spent for church building and gorgeous funeral parades, and more be invested in homes and school houses. He referred to John S. Wise as a would-be Moses who had betrayed the negroes, and his allusions to Gen. Mahone and his political followers were not complimentary to the General. Wilson, in closing his remarks, said as the republican party had seen fit to make the capitalists of the North the special object of their care, the negro could no longer support the party of high tariff unless the black flag is raised against them at the Northern workshops as taken down. As the colored people are consumers and not producers, they want a low tariff.

Two resolutions offered by John Mitchell, of Richmond, and which were sent to a committee, will attract attention. The first pledges the colored people of the State not to support any negro who will not promise to use his best efforts to secure the repeal of laws discriminating against the negroes. The other is to commit the voters of the race in the second (Norfolk) and fourth (Petersburg) districts to support only colored candidates for Congress in those districts.

A Card.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA, VA.

April 14, 1890.

To the Editor of the Alexandria Gazette: The writer's attention has been called to an editorial which appeared in the GAZETTE of last Monday in which an injustice was done the University, its professors and students.

The GAZETTE was misinformed when it stated that a majority of our professors are republicans. The University Club, instead of being "infatuated with Northern customs and fashions," as you will have it, were actuated by the noble impulse of aiding the ladies of the University and of Charlottesville in their laudable effort to raise funds for the erection of a monument to the memory of our Confederate dead.

Their success at the University emboldened them to give a concert in Lynchburg, and they will give one in Staunton and probably in Richmond—all for the same praiseworthy object.

The GAZETTE need not fear that the University will, as in the past, furnish men esteemed for their services, not in the kitchen or in the dining room, but at the bar and the bedside, in the field, the study and the sanctum.

A STUDENT.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Findlay, Ohio, and the surrounding country, has gone all mad.

Rev. Alexander Mackay, the famous missionary to the Uganda country, is dead.

Thus far eighty-two Presbyteries in the United States have voted for revision and forty against it.

Two revolver shots were yesterday fired into the residence of Rev. J. W. Southwell, who has been prosecuting saloon-keepers at Sioux City, Ia.

In a speech at a dinner given to him in Washington last night Gen. Schofield spoke strongly of the urgent need of provision for adequate coast defenses.

The New York Southern Society is rapidly getting its library in condition, and a local society of alumni of the University of Virginia is talked of in that city.

Secretary Tracy has ordered that Commander McCalla, of the U. S. S. Enterprise, be tried by a court-martial next Tuesday at New York on the charge of cruelty to his men.

Ben. Elsey, a negro, who is to be hanged at Birmingham, Ala., Friday, for murder, has confessed to having been engaged in the business of murdering for a number of years.

Senator Ingalls has gone out to Kansas to look after his senatorial fences. Not only have the farmers of that State been after him, but many other influences are at work to defeat his re-election to the Senate.

At the Panama Canal lottery drawing in Paris yesterday M. Moncheur, the liquidator, announced that the financial support already obtained would powerfully assist the work of forming a new company to complete the canal.

In the United States Senate, yesterday, Mr. Cameron introduced a service pension bill. The House passed the bill to define and regulate the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States, the Speaker counting a quorum as voting.

Henry Bock, an old engineer, and a member of the Knights of Honor, who had been out of work for some months, yesterday committed suicide by hanging in St. Louis, in order that his children might receive the \$3,000 insurance on his life.

Miss Alice Elliott, of Ottawa, Ontario, aged twenty-three years, while suffering from dementia, swallowed a small penknife with the blades open. So far she has experienced no unpleasant results, but her physician is watching the case with great anxiety.

Colonel Appleton, of the Seventh New York Regiment, says it will be impossible for the regiment to accept the invitation to attend the unveiling of Lee's statue at Richmond, May 29, as arrangements had previously been made for participating in the parade in New York on the following day, which is Memorial Day.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mrs. Meade, the wife of the Rev. R. K. Meade, died at Charlottesville yesterday.

W. Hays Orey, of the firm of Peter J. Orey & Co., of Lynchburg was stricken with paralysis yesterday.

Rev. Robert W. Forsythe, assistant at Christ Episcopal Church, Baltimore, has accepted a call to Portsmouth.

Miss Nora Woolton, the young lady who recently attempted to murder Dr. H. A. Sims, was yesterday indicted by the grand jury at Roanoke.

In the Stafford county court on Monday in the case of Wagner vs. Adams Express Company, defendants recovered of the plaintiff, \$5 as damages, the plaintiff to pay all costs.

Ive Varallo, the Italian, arrested at Roanoke for setting fire to the Franklin county jail, where he was confined for petit larceny and escaped, was taken back to Rocky Mount yesterday.

The stockholders and life members of the Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical Society met in Richmond to-day for the purpose of trying to come to some understanding whereby the creditors of the Association can be secured in their rights.

Mr. Joseph T. Lawless, of Portsmouth, the youngest member of the Virginia Senate, and Miss Marie O. Antioch, daughter of the late D. Antioch, of Richmond, were married at St. Peter's Cathedral yesterday by Rev. Bishop Van de Viver.

It is claimed that the gray uniform of the Confederate army was indirectly due to the visit of the Seventh New York to Richmond in 1859. This is urged by some of the military committee of the Lee Monument who that famous regiment should take part in the unveiling ceremonies on May 29.

The body of Owen H. Hughes, a middle-aged employe of the West End Furnace, at Roanoke, and a native of Pittsburg, Pa., was found on the Norfolk and Western railroad track at Shafer's Crossing yesterday, horribly mutilated, having been run over by a freight train. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict that the deceased was probably murdered and the body placed on the track afterwards. Suspicion points so strongly to certain parties in the neighborhood that they will be arrested.

Capt. Robert C. Overbey, a prominent farmer and saw mill proprietor, living one mile from Buffalo Springs, in Mecklenburg county, Va., was waylaid by negroes Monday night and robbed. He died yesterday from the effects of the assault. He was engaged in getting supplies for the Atlantic and Danville Road, and the supposition is that he was murdered for the purpose of robbery, as he was supposed to have a considerable sum of money in his possession. Capt. Overbey was knocked down and beaten until unconscious by a negro whose name, it is said, is John Phillips, who lives near Caroline, Va., and two others who were present, were arrested and sent to the county jail at Boydton.

The Lee Monument.

At a meeting in Richmond last night of the executive committee in charge of the general arrangements for the unveiling of the Lee monument a distribution of the funds was made to the various committees as follows: Military committee, \$2,000; veterans, \$2,000; invitations, \$500; contingent expenses, \$1,000; five works, \$1,000. The committee decided that not less than ten thousand dollars shall be printed, one of which is to be presented to the veteran in attendance. The Old Stowell Brass Band, of Staunton, has offered their services at the unveiling, and the offer has been accepted. The indications are that the attendance of visitors at the unveiling will be the largest ever witnessed on any similar occasion in the South. Major N. Y. Randolph, a member of the committee, said last night: "This will probably be the last reunion of Confederate veterans that will ever occur on a large scale. You know these old fellows are rapidly dying out, and in short time but few of them will be left."

WOMEN RIOTERS.—Italian street cleaners in Philadelphia have been in a state of excitement for several days, caused by the efforts of some of their number to organize a strike for higher wages. There were a great many men, however, who went to work for \$1.25 per day, instead of \$1.50. Yesterday morning in the street between the street by a mob of fifty women, the wives and sweethearts of the strikers. The women seized the brooms and scrapers of the men and beat the latter with these tools until a squad of police arrived and took fifteen women to the jail. A second riot, inaugurated by women, was quelled in the same way, a score of women being held to keep the peace or else sent to jail.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16.

SENATE.

Mr. Mitchell gave notice that he would address the Senate next Tuesday on his proposed constitutional amendment for the election of Senators by the people.

The Montana election case was again taken up, and (as Mr. Daniel did not claim the floor to continue his speech yesterday) Mr. Gibson addressed the Senate in favor of the democratic side of the question.

The resolution admitting the republican contestants was adopted by a strict party vote.

HOUSE.

The Committee on Commerce reported back adversely the resolution directing that committee to investigate the life saving system. Laid on the table.

A bill was called up amending the alien land law, so as to permit foreign capital to be invested in mines of gold, silver, lead, tin, cinnabar and copper. It gave rise to a long debate.

The tariff bill has been reported to the House and referred to the committee of the House.

Foreign News.

MESSINA, Apr. 16.—The prefect gave a fete last night in honor of the officers of the war vessels Boston and Atlanta, of the American Squadron of Evolution.

BERLIN, Apr. 16.—The question of a general European disarmament will probably be brought before the Reichstag at the coming session.

BERLIN, Apr. 16.—The *Vossische Zeitung* says that the elimination of party strife from the inheritance upon which Chancellor Von Caprivi has entered appears to be the beginning of a new era. No party, the paper says, will oppose the government on matters of principle.

PARIS, Apr. 16.—President Carnot, who is making a tour in the south of France, arrived at Aix-les-Bains to-day. He was received by enthusiasm by a large crowd of people, including many persons of distinction. A salute of 100 guns was fired in honor of the President.

Unmanned Engagement of Miss Winnie Davis.

NEW YORK, April 16.—A dispatch from Syracuse to the *Herald* says: "The announcement is made of the approaching marriage of Miss Winnie Davis, daughter of Jefferson Davis, the late President of the Southern Confederacy, to Mr. Alfred Wilkinson, of this city, the grandson of Samuel J. May, the great abolitionist leader. It will be remembered that Miss Davis, upon her visit here three years ago, received a very cool reception in one or two houses. Mr. Wilkinson resented the coolness shown her and gallantly championed her cause, and the friendship thus engendered between them blossomed into love in due time. Mr. Wilkinson is a young lawyer, about 28 years of age. The young man moves in the very best society here and stands high in the estimation of the community. The actual time for the wedding has not been set, but it is understood that the date will be in the near future."

The Tariff.

WASHINGTON, Apr. 16.—Just as the tariff bill was to be reported to the House the republican members again changed their minds and at 11 o'clock this morning completely changed two of the most important items in the bill. Again hides have been placed on the free list, and so has sugar; but in the latter case the committee has adopted a provision looking to the payment of a bounty of two cents a pound on the domestic product. These changes have been communicated to the democratic minority members, and as corrections are necessary in the reports, these documents, it is said, will be delayed in their presentation to the House until late this afternoon. It is understood that the sugar men have little confidence in the continuity of the bounty, and they have therefore protested against the change.

An Inexcusable Indignity.

ATHENS, Ga., April 16.—An incident occurred in the postoffice here which has excited considerable indignation. A modest young white lady called at the delivery window for mail. While standing in front of the window a negro walked up behind her, and placing his arms around the young lady, leaned against the window, looking her in the embrace. He asked several times if there was any mail for him, and made several useless inquiries as an excuse to hold the young lady imprisoned in his embrace. When released she fled from the postoffice in tears, and the negro moved off chuckling to himself.

Mysterious Disappearance.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 16.—The disappearance of Vernon L. Everett, a young medical student, promises to make a sensation. He is the son of the leading physician at Grinnell, Iowa, and attended the Chicago Medical College. On April 3 he was sent for by some one on South Halsted street, and as it was a very tough neighborhood the young man said to the daughter of his landlady that he didn't like the idea of going at all. However, he went and has not been seen since. Everett had quite a sum of money and some valuable jewelry on his person when he disappeared.

A Red Prophet.

DENVER, April 16.—Meat Axe, the big Socassons medicine man, has predicted a flood, to occur in July, and wipe out the heartless pale faces. He says the visitation is retribution for the unjust conduct of the whites in confining 2,000 Indians on a little reservation of 2,000,000 acres. Runners have been sent all over the reservation, and to the Crow, Cheyenne, and Sioux, to herald the calamity, and a rush of Indians to the Wind River Mountains, the scheduled haven, is anticipated.

Murderers Arrested.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., April 16.—Charles Mara and James Rice, the alleged murderers of Henry Johns, have been brought here from Visalia, Cal., where they were arrested by detective Burke, who had been on their track ever since the murder, six years ago. The murder of Johns was the sequel to a series of infamous crimes committed by the notorious Rainsburger gang, nephews of Johns.

Accident to an Aeronaut.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 16.—Prof. E. E. Craig attempted to make a balloon ascension here yesterday, when the balloon came in contact with a telegraph wire, throwing him out. He fell 40 feet, striking head foremost against a buggy, receiving severe injuries.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Municipal elections were held in Illinois yesterday. Reports from fifty towns show 28 against license.

The Italian consul, Mr. Carlo Filippine Serra, and Adelaide C. Long were married in Baltimore to-day.

Officers are preparing to raid persons selling liquor in the Cherokee nation, and as they are desperate men bloodshed is feared.

Emperor William has conferred the first class decoration of the Royal Order of the Crown upon Mr. Charles Gibson, an attorney of St. Louis.

The steamer City of New York, which was reported to have foundered off Maine, is safe. She has passed through the straits of Mackinac and headed for Buffalo uninjured.

The large excursion hotel, the Warner House, at Sea Breeze, N. J., was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. Fourteen persons who were in the building barely escaped with their lives, saving no property.

The corner stone of the new federal building in Nagras, Tex., was last night dislodged from its bed and its contents, consisting of coins, medals and relics of many kinds were stolen. The outrage was the work of Mexicans.

A Chippewa Falls, Wis., special says: Prairie fires have started in this vicinity and unless there is rain soon much damage will be done. At Morrey, eight miles distant, the farmers are fighting the fire to save fences and houses. It is learned that destructive fires are raging at other points in Wisconsin.

The explosion of a vulcanizing apparatus in a New York dentist's laboratory yesterday badly frightened the dwellers in that section of the city, considerably damaged the building and came near killing the dentist and his assistant.

The indications are that on May 1st most of the soft coal miners of Illinois, Indiana and Pennsylvania will go out on a strike, and that after that date the supply of soft coal will be limited. In the Ottawa, Ont., Senate yesterday Mr. Fenelon said there would be no relaxation of the regulations respecting the importation of American cattle into Canada for export to England.

It is reported at Chamberlain, S. D., that troops will remove the homestead from Sherman, a new town on the reservation opposite there. The land is claimed by the Indians.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Bloomer, the latter the originator of the Bloomer costume, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage at Council Bluffs, Iowa, yesterday.

Mr. C. H. Miller, a wealthy resident of Salem, Mass., was found dead in his bath room at the Hotel Normandie in Washington this morning.

John K. Owens, cashier for the firm of Gibbs & Co., of San Francisco, has disappeared. His accountants are \$10,000 short.

MR. CLEVELAND.—It is reported that ex-President Cleveland has consented to consult a specialist in relation to the abnormal and constantly increasing development of fat with which he has been afflicted for many years, but especially since he left Washington, and that he has learned that his fatness is nothing less than a disease and one that must result fatally in a comparatively short time unless it is cured or, at least, checked. He has lately been gaining weight at the rate of 25 pounds a month, and this fresh fat added to his already enormous proportions has been smothering every vital organ in his body. Schweigger treadmill, it is said, is one of the features of his treatment.

BUNGLING WORK OF AN UNDERTAKER.—A sad and horrifying accident occurred yesterday at the funeral of Mrs. Mary Jensen, near Laporte, Indiana. A blundering undertaker allowed the coffin to fall into the open grave during the interment, breaking the glass front of the casket and letting the corpse fall out into the bottom of the grave. Several of the mourners fainted, but the undertaker jumped into the excavation, pushed the body back into the receptacle and coolly ordered the grave digger to fill in the dirt. There is great indignation among those who saw the affair.

ROYAL BONAPARTES.—If Prince Napoleon, or even his descendants, should ever attain power, Bonapartism would appear in an entirely new guise, for through his mother he belongs to the royal caste, a distinction which neither the first Napoleon nor Napoleon III. could claim. He is a "wall-born" as any sovereign in Europe, and there is probably no reigning family to which he is not related. As his great grandmother was a sister of George III., he is second cousin once removed to Queen Victoria, and shares all her ancestry. He is descended from Queen Charlotte and the Duchess of Kent. He has much of the blood of Plantagenet, Tudor, and Stuart in his veins as the Queen has in hers, and in respect of the last he is excelled by his children, who, through their mother, are descended from Charles I., through his daughter Henrietta, Duchess of Orleans, while our reigning house can claim descent only through a daughter of James I., Prince Napoleon is descended from George I. in three direct lines, one of them being through George II. and Frederic, Prince of Wales.—*Westminster Review*.

PATENTS.—Patents were yesterday granted to the following from Virginia:

Nathan O. Bond, Fairfax House, assignor to Bond Ware and Tide Force Company, Ocean Grove, N. J., was awarded a patent for a "W. Johnson, Staffordshire, England; James S. Harrison and J. L. Waring, Danville, Va.; Wm. H. Power and H. A. Ringgold, tobacco curing; Wm. F. Turnbull, assignor to one-half to G. B. Weir, Newport News, coconut grater.

The steamer Mark Lane, from New Orleans, via Norfolk, for Belfast, was towed in port at Halifax this morning with her propeller broken.

PAINT YOUR OWN BUGGY.—Just received the following new line of Colors: Olive Fonce, Foxglove, Ecstasy and Jet Coach Black. Call for samples. For sale by

W. F. CREIGHTON & CO.
ROCKWOOD & CO.'S BREAKFAST COCOA, a superior article, received to-day by
J. C. MILBURN,

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The remains of yesterday afternoon's realizing movement were felt in the stock market this morning, and while the business does seem to be a comparatively small number of stocks, first prices in them were generally from 1/4 to 1/2 lower than last evening's figures. Further slight losses were sustained during the early trading in a few instances, but the market quickly developed a firm tone and last night's prices were soon approximated. The market toward the end of the hour reacted slightly and at 11 o'clock it was dull and steady, but generally at something better than the opening price.

BALTIMORE, April 16.—Virginia 6s coupon, dated 40%; past-due coupon — 10-40% — 25 3s —

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE APRIL 16		
Flour, fine.....	\$2 00	@ 2 75
Superfine.....	2 50	@ 2 75
Extra.....	3 00	@ 3 50
Family.....	4 25	@ 4 75
Fancy brands.....	5 00	@ 5 40
Wheat, Longberry.....	0 80	@ 0 85
Fultz.....	0 78	@ 0 84
Mixed.....	0 78	@ 0 85
Fair Wheat.....	0 77	@ 0 85
Damp and tough.....	0 65	@ 0 75
Corn, white.....	0 41	@ 0 42
Yellow.....	0 41	@ 0 42
Mixed.....	0 40	@ 0 41
Corn Meal.....	0 40	@ 0 42
Rye.....	0 40	@ 0 50
Oats.....	0 27	@ 0 31
Butter, Virginia prime.....	0 17	@ 0 20
Common to middling.....	0 12	@ 0 16
Eggs.....	0 12	@ 0 13
Spring Chickens.....	0 18	@ 0 20
Live Chickens (hens).....	0 9	@ 0 10
Veal Calves.....	0 4	@ 0 5
Irish Potatoes per bushel.....	0 70	@ 0 90
Onions.....	1 50	@ 2 00
Dried Peaches, peeled.....	0 10	@ 0 12
" " unpeeled.....	0 3	@ 0 4
" " Charries.....	0 8	@ 0 10
" " Apples.....	0 34	@ 0 50
Bacon—Hams, country.....	0 11 1/2	@ 0 12 1/2
Best sugar-cured Hams.....	0 11 1/2	@ 0 12 1/2
Butcher's Hams.....	0 11 1/2	@ 0 12 1/2
Breakfast Bacon.....	0 7 1/2	@ 8
Sugar-cured Shoulders.....	0 6 1/2	@ 7
Bulk shoulders.....	0 5 1/2	@ 6
" "		